R156. Commerce, Occupational and Professional Licensing.

R156-31c. Nurse Licensure Compact Rules.

R156-31c-101. Title.

These rules are known as the "Nurse Licensure Compact Rules".

R156-31c-102. Definitions.

In addition to the definitions in Title 58, Chapters 1 and 31c, as used in Title 58, Chapter 31c or these rules:

- (1) "Board", as used in these rules, means the party state's regulatory body responsible for issuing nurse licenses.
- (2) "Current significant investigative information", as used in these rules, is defined in Section 58-31c-102.
- (3) "Information system", as used in these rules, means the coordinated licensure information system as defined in Section 58-31c-102.
- (4) "Primary state of residence", as used in these rules, means the state of a person's declared fixed permanent and principal home for legal purposes; domicile.
- (5) "Public", as used in these rules, means any individual or entity other than designated staff or representatives of party state Boards or the National Council of State Boards of Nursing, Inc.

R156-31c-103. Authority - Purpose.

These rules are adopted by the Division under the authority of Subsection 58-1-106(1) to enable the Division to administer Title 58, Chapter 31c.

R156-31c-104. Organization - Relationship to Rule R156-1.

The organization of this rule and its relationship to Rule R156-1 is as described in Section R156-1-107.

R156-31c-201. Issuing a License.

- (1) A nurse applying for a license in a home party state shall produce evidence of the nurse's primary state of residence. Such evidence shall include a declaration signed by the licensee. Further evidence that may be requested may include:
 - (a) driver's license with a home address;
 - (b) voter registration card displaying a home address; or
 - (c) federal income tax return declaring the primary state of residence.
- (2) A nurse changing primary state of residence, from one party state to another party state, may continue to practice under the former home state license and multi-state privilege during the processing of the nurse's licensure application in the new home state for a period not to exceed 30 days.
- (3) The licensure application in the new home state of a nurse under pending investigation by the former home state shall be held in abeyance and the 30 day period in Subsection (2) shall be stayed until resolution of the pending investigation.
- (4) The former home state license shall be expired and no longer valid upon the issuance of a new home state license.
- (5) If a decision is made by the new home state denying licensure the new home state shall notify the former home state within ten business days and the former home state shall take action in accordance with that state's laws and rules.

R156-31c-302. Limitations on Multi-state Licensure Privilege.

Home state Boards shall include in all licensure disciplinary orders and stipulation agreements that limit practice or require monitoring the requirement that the licensee subject to said order or stipulation will agree to limit the licensee's practice to the home state during the pendency of the order or stipulation. This requirement may, in the alternative, allow the nurse to practice in other party states with prior written authorization from both the home state and such other party state Boards.

R156-31c-401. Information System.

- (1) Levels of Access:
- (a) The public shall have access to nurse licensure information limited to:
- (i) the nurse's name;
- (ii) jurisdiction(s) of licensure;
- (iii) license expiration date(s);
- (iv) licensure classification(s) and status(es);
- $(\mbox{\sc v})$ public emergency and final disciplinary actions, as defined by the contributing state authority; and
 - (vi) the status of multi-state licensure privileges.
- (b) Non-party state Boards shall have access to all Information System data except current significant investigative information and other information as limited by the contributing party state authority.
- (c) Party state Boards shall have access to all Information System data contributed by the party states and other information as limited by contributing non-party states' authority.
- (2) The licensee may request in writing to the home state Board to review the data relating to the licensee in the Information System. In the event a licensee asserts that any data relating to him is inaccurate, the burden of proof shall be upon the licensee to provide evidence that substantiates such claim. The Board shall verify and within ten business days correct inaccurate data to the Information System.
 - (3) The Board shall report to the Information System within ten business days:
- (a) disciplinary action, stipulation or order requiring participation in alternative programs or which limit practice or require monitoring (except agreements relating to participation in alternative programs required to remain nonpublic by the contributing state authority);
 - (b) dismissal of a complaint; and
 - (c) changes in status of disciplinary action, or licensure encumbrance.
- (4) Current significant investigative information shall be deleted from the Information System within ten business days upon report of disciplinary action, stipulation or order requiring participation in alternative programs or stipulations which limit practice or require monitoring or dismissal of a complaint.
- (5) Changes to licensure information in the Information System shall be completed within ten business days upon notification by a Board.

KEY: nurses, licensing Effective February 15, 2000

58-31c-103 58-1-106(1)

NURSE LICENSURE COMPACT RULES

R156-31c Utah Administrative Code Issued February 15, 2000